

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

A moderate amount of rope-jumping is said to be very beneficial exercise.

The new peace office in Washington is located some distance from Congress.

The United States produces nearly 58 per cent more coal than Great Britain.

The operating expenses of Columbia College for the present year are \$1,562,563.

The discoverer of diamond fields in Quebec probably saw the snow in the winter time.

Mark Twain is considerably well off. He acts as his own press agent and saves the difference.

The expectation of gold proves, among other things, that Uncle Sam has plenty of it to export.

There are 12,000,000 children in Russia between the ages of 6 and 14 receiving absolutely no education.

The match monopoly produced a net revenue of \$4,000,000 to France last year; the tobacco monopoly \$15,000,000.

A London scientist declares that cheap cures are the least harmful. There is less romance in them, we suppose.

The value of agricultural machines and implements annually imported by Russia amounts to about 10,000,000 rubles (\$1,200,000).

The total income of the London bar is put at £280,000 a year. As there are about 2,500 practicing members the average income is £345.

The wealth of New Zealand, according to recent statistics, is \$1,480 per person, and is said to be the fairest of any country in the world.

Many important drainage projects are under way in the marsh land of Lancashire which will ultimately make it a great agricultural country.

It is better to hint up some girl you went to school with and ask her than to trust to the advertised affirm. It's no matter how well recommended she comes.

London has 20,000 empty homes. The suburban movement and the servant question are held responsible. Conditions are pretty much alike the world over.

A Cleveland man avenged his right on his wife because she had not spoken to him for three months. Some men never know a good thing when they see it.

In a recent campaign of the French in Madagascar 43,900 men were sent to the front, of whom 29 were killed in action and over 1,000 perished from preventable diseases.

The medal for honesty goes to the man in La Crosse, Wis., who hunted up the heirs of a woman to whom he had been owing a board bill for 25 years and paid it in full.

When the last brewery is being torn down or turned into a breakfast food factory we shall hear the depressed brewer voicing the opinion that prohibition does not profit. So much for the power of habit.

There is in Cincinnati a poet whose wife does not become wildly excited when he writes love poems and dedicates them to other women. Some of our best poets will agree in the opinion that this is a handy kind of wife to have around.

The campaign against anarchy goes on satisfactorily. In a single week of last month the naturalization papers of 154 men suspected of anarchist affiliations were revoked in Chicago. As the men profess opposition to all forms of government they have to give up their voting rights in this government.

The debaters of Columbia university may have had other reasons than the one which they disclosed for being unwilling to permit the Cornell debaters to make a young woman—one of the crew—a member of the contesting team. The stated objection was that of sex; they did not care to debate against a woman. Since then the young woman has won the first prize for oratory at Cornell, in open competition with the men.

One of the important duties of the next president will be to appoint members of the United States supreme court. The chief justice and three other justices have already passed the age of 50 years, and probably their places will have to be filled during the next administration. Many voters will consider carefully what type of men the various candidates for the presidency will be likely to appoint to the tribunal by which the legislative developments of the nation are ultimately measured.

Sewerage Farming

By PROF. GEORGE M. KOBER, M. D., LL. D.,
Professor of Hygiene, Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.



It Is a Practical, Economical and Sanitary Method

ATER pollution involves both economic and public health problems.

According to the census of 1900 there were 35,359 deaths from typhoid fever during the census year throughout the United States; and based on an estimated mortality of ten per cent, it is within reason to assume a yearly prevalence of 353,590 cases of this disease.

What has been said of typhoid fever is equally true of other waterborne diseases like cholera, dysentery, cholera-morbus, diarrhoeal diseases and the transmission of the eggs of intestinal and other parasites.

After determining the extent and dangers of river pollution, the remedy can and should be applied. This remedy is not only of interest to the sanitarian but also the agriculturist and consists in the adoption of a proper method of sewage disposal, including harmful industrial wastes.

The best method so far proposed is sewage farming, or irrigation. The British royal commission as early as 1853 approved it, in fact this method has been successfully used for centuries on the hot plains of Northern Italy and in Spain, and will also have a very promising future in the west where every drop of water is needed for irrigation.

The city of Berlin purchased about 20,000 acres of land and notwithstanding the enormous outlay of a little over \$3,000,000 for the land and over \$10,000,000 for the sewer system, operates these farms at a net profit of about \$600,000 per annum.

The best attempt in the establishment of a sewage farm in this country was made at the Augusta, Me., State Insane asylum in 1852. Among the more prominent and successful sewage farms may be mentioned Brockton and South Birmingham, Mass.; Bristol, Conn.; Plainfield, N. J.; Altoona and Wayne, Pa.; Pullman, Ill.; Hastings, N. Y.; Colorado Springs, Colo.; Salt Lake City, Utah; Helena, Mont.; Phoenix, Ariz.; Los Angeles, Pasadena, Redding and Santa Rosa, Cal.

Woman President! Why Not?

By MRS. LYDIA K. COMMANDER,
Noted Author and Woman Suffragist.

By all means let me be president of the United States. Of course, the ideal government would be that in which a man and a woman ruled together. A conductor woman-president would have been of great assistance to any man that has ever filled the presidential chair.

Many presidents have had unacknowledged coadjutors in the persons of their wives.

Many a great man has to say: "Well, I'll tell you what I think about that tomorrow," because he wants to go home and ask his wife what to think.

Not as husband and wife, for it is seldom that we find a husband and wife with equal intellectual endowments. That would not be practical. Therefore, the nearest we could come to perfection in government would be a cabinet composed of men and women jointly and a president selected irrespective of sex.

For one thing, a woman president would insist upon more humane laws. She would abolish child labor. I don't pretend that she would be as much interested as a man in the Panama canal, but she would be more interested in model tenements.

She would settle the divorce problem, which, if it is ever settled at all, must be solved by women.

Of course, it is only the exceptional woman that is fit to be president, but it is also only the exceptional man. To triumph over the prejudices that hamper her sex a woman president would have to be so extraordinary that it would be safe to say she would be quite as fitted to be president as almost any man.

I don't say better fitted, for I don't think so. Women really understand equality of the sexes; men do not. A man must either have a doorman or be one; and if a woman has to choose she would rather be a doorman than have one, but there is no reason why she should be restricted to such a choice.

Vigorous American Plays Needed

By WILLIAM H. CRANE,
the Actor.

We need more vigorous American plays. There are only three or four persons in the country who can write up to the spirit and demands of the time. The taste of the public has improved very much. Good acting and good plays have become absolutely necessary. Jefferson said that he once painted with a whitewash brush, putting on the colors roughly, with a dash here and a spot there, but that he had to learn to use a camel-hair brush because his audiences wanted fine lines, soft

shadows and lights and delicate treatment throughout. In my earlier days we went at the public with a club and whacked them with the raw facts. Nothing was left to the imagination. We had a habit, too, of saying, "Well, that third act alone will save the play." Fancy anyone thinking such a thing now. Besides, there must be an absorbing, vivid and coherent story. Moreover, it must be reasonable and an accurate picture of life. Great sums of money also are spent for scenery, whereas at one time a group of ridiculous trees or a hideous castle painted on muslin would do well enough.



NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Articles of Incorporation.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa:

The Grady Bank and Trust Company. This corporation proposes to do a general banking business in the city of Grady, Quay county. It is incorporated with a capital stock of \$15,000 and according to the articles of incorporation expects to do a general banking business.

The incorporators are Alexander A. Maxwell, of Texico, E. E. Hull,

of Texico and C. C. Marshall, of Texico.

The Oasis Development Company,

with a capital stock of \$25,000, with

principal office at Artesia, in charge

of John B. Enfield. This company

proposes to develop land by irriga-

tion and states that it will do a real

estate and brokerage business. Its in-

corporators are J. C. Gage, John B. En-

field, William Benson, Jesse T. Col-

ins, E. C. Higgins, Clarence Ulery,

Herbert Fitzgerald, George U. Mc-

Cary, Guy Brainerd, D. W. Runyon,

Dr. M. M. Innan, of Artesia, Eddy

counts.

The Ranchos Orchard and Land

Company with a capitalization of \$150,

one and principal office at Taos, Taos

county, with Joseph B. Warner in

charge. This company proposes to re-

claim lands, sell water rights, build

power plants, locate settlers and

other essential things in the develop-

ment of land. Its officials are Albert

L. Burke, president, Peter L. Thorson,

secretary.

The Magdalena Tunnel Company,

which proposes to do extensive min-

ing business in Socorro county. Its

principal office will be located at Kel

ly, Socorro county with William F.

Gordon in charge.

Postoffices Established.

Postoffices have been established as follows in New Mexico:

Forrest, Quay county, to be served

from Plain, eight miles to the north

east. Mary Farr has been appointed

postmaster.

Harris, Quay county, to be served

from House, ten miles to the east. Otto

W. Harris has been appointed post-

master.

Holloway, Lincoln county, to be

served from Corona, eight miles to the

northwest, and Eliech, nine miles to

the south. James M. Holloway has

been appointed postmaster.

Prairie View, Quay county, to be

served from Portales, eight miles to

the west. Manley C. Hodges has been

appointed postmaster.

Prairie View, Quay county, to be

served from Puerto, eight miles to the

north. Thomas H. Golden has been

appointed postmaster.

Felton A. Hilton has been com-

missioned postmaster at San Antonio, Socorro county.

The name of the postoffice at Vic-

toria, Dona Ana county, has been

changed to La Mesa. Harry D. Nelson

has been appointed postmaster.

Capture of Indian Outlaw.

An Albuquerque dispatch of June 10th says: Dick Eagle, the Cherokee Indian who deliberately shot and killed Santiago Vallo, a Pueblo Indian, near Bluewater, New Mexico, a week ago, was captured yesterday at Needles, California, and was brought here to trial by Sheriff Baera, of Valencia county.

Eagle, who led the officers an arduous chase all over northern Arizona, is also charged with attempting to murder J. W. Moss, an Indian trader at Chaves, New Mexico, several days after the killing of the Pueblo. The Cherokee, who was formerly a barber here, killed Vallo because the latter refused to take a drink with him and beat in the head of Moss after robbing his store.

Moss is still lingering between life

and death.

Eagle is one of the most desperate

and vicious men in the territory and

is being closely guarded.

New Mexico Iron Mines.

Thirty men were put at work on the 12th inst. by the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company on the Oro Quay iron deposits in the new placer district thirty miles south of Santa Fe, to begin the preliminary work of preparing the deposits for extensive working. The deposits have been leased from the Oro Quay Gold Mining and Reduction Company, which retains the right to mine the extensive gold, copper and silver veins on the property which consists of eleven claims.

A railroad will be built from the Santa Fe to the iron mines, going via the Hagan coal fields, there connecting with the Santa Fe Central.

Thomas C. Lynn, for years a prominent attorney of Kentucky, killed himself at Santa Fe on the 19th inst. by a shot in the temple with a revolver. He was a brother of John P. Lynn of the Santa Fe Central.

Governor George Curry appointed Traveling Auditor and Bank Examiner C. V. Stafford as the New Mexico delegate to the meeting of the National Association of Bank Examiners to be held in St. Paul, Minnesota, June 18th, 19th and 20th.

Charles Melian, aged twenty-three, convicted of tampering with the mails while employed in the Albuquerque postoffice and of embezzling amounts aggregating \$1,000, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary by District Judge Abbott.

The Raton Publishing Company has filed incorporation papers and will publish a daily paper at Raton, the first for the city. It will succeed the semi-weekly Range. The incorporators and directors are Mrs. Orrin A. Foster, J. R. Foster and E. B. Humphreys. The paper will be Republican.

J. V. Melugin was arrested on the 12th inst. at Solano, charged with the murder of Daniel Archuleta, a neighbor, says an Albuquerque dispatch. Melugin, it is said, stood on his doorstep and fired a bullet through Archuleta. Bad feeling had existed between the two men for some time, because Archuleta built his house too close to that of Melugin to suit the latter.